Section 3: Funding

Revenue

Total revenue

Data were extracted from the 2019 and 2022 Annual Information Statement Data from the Australian Charities and Not-for-profits commission (ACNC) (available from <u>https://data.gov.au</u>).

NPON members received revenue from the government, donations and bequests, goods and services, and interest. In 2019 the total revenue for

NPON members ranged from \$0 to \$40,123,178 (median=\$203,060; IQR = 1,309,706), and in total 84 member charities had a combined revenue of \$174,225,904.

In 2022 the total revenue for NPON members ranged from 0 to 52,577,000 (median=\$238,609; IQR=\$1,094,001), and in total 87 member charities had a combined revenue of \$213,762,418.

| In 2019 84 NPON members had a combined income of | In 2022 87 NPON members had a combined income of |
|--|--|
| \$174,225,904. | \$213,762,418. |
| | |

Table 3.1: Total revenue

| Total revenue | 2019 | | 2022 | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent |
| 0 | 3 | 3.57 | 1 | 1.15 |
| 5,000 or less | 5 | 5.95 | 4 | 4.60 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 4 | 4.76 | 3 | 3.45 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 5 | 5.75 |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 8 | 9.52 | 7 | 8.05 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 7 | 8.33 | 12 | 13.79 |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 21 | 25.00 | 22 | 25.29 |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 9 | 10.71 | 8 | 9.20 |
| 1,000,001 to 10,000,000 | 20 | 23.81 | 20 | 22.99 |
| 10,000,001 or more | 4 | 4.76 | 5 | 5.75 |

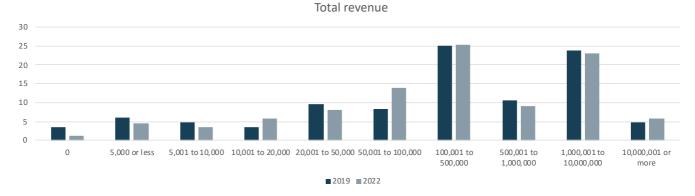


Figure 3.1: Total revenue

Revenue sources

Revenue sources overview

NPON members received most revenue from donations and bequests, followed by revenue from

goods and services, the government and from investments.

In 2019 NPON members had a combined revenue of \$84,172,049 from donations and bequests,

\$49,531,630 from goods and services, \$25,033,645 from the government, \$4,157,929 from investments and \$11,330,651 from other sources.

In 2022 NPON members had a combined revenue of \$82,602,071 from donations and bequests, \$64,201,383 from goods and services, \$43,970,562 from the government, \$2,959,915 from investments, and \$20,029,473 from other sources.

Of the organisations that received government funding, two received over \$10M, three received between one and \$4M, four received between \$500,000 and \$1M, nineteen received between \$100,000 and \$300,000, fourteen received between \$10,000 and \$99,000, and six received between \$900 and \$6,000.

| 2019 NPON members combined revenue: | 2022 NPON members combined revenue: |
|--|--|
| \$84,172,049 from donations and bequests | \$82,602,071 from donations and bequests |
| \$49,531,630 from goods and services | \$64,201,383 from goods and services |
| \$25,033,645 from the government | \$43,970,562 from the government |
| \$4,157,929 from investments | \$2,959,915 from investments |
| \$11,330,651 from other sources | \$20,029,473 from other sources |

Revenue from donations and bequests

In 2019 76 NPON organisations had revenue from donations and bequests ranging from \$20 to \$35,511,285 (median = \$87,554.50; IQR = \$60,1139.25).

There were 8 organisations (9.52%) that had no revenue from donations and bequests, 9 organisations (10.71%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 6 organisations (7.14%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 7 organisations (8.33%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 8 organisations (9.52%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 10 organisations (11.90%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 12 organisations (14.29%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 12 organisations (14.29%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 10 organisations (11.90%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 2 organisations (2.38%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

In 2022 81 NPON organisations had revenue from donations and bequests ranging from \$45 to \$25,277,983 (median = \$126,679; IQR = \$511,699).

There were 6 organisations (6.90%) that had no revenue from donations and bequests, 10 organisations (11.49%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 6 organisations (6.90%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 6 organisations (6.90%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 12 organisations (13.79%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 5 organisations (5.75%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 20 organisations (22.99%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 9 organisations (10.34%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 11 organisations (12.64%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 2 organisations (2.30%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

| 2019 revenue from donations and bequests | 2022 revenue from donations and bequests |
|---|---|
| • 76 organisations received donations and bequests | 81 organisations received donations and bequests |
| • Average (median) \$87,554.50; IQR = \$60,1139.25 | • Average (median) \$126,679; IQR = \$511,699 |
| Range from \$20 to \$35,511,285 | Range from \$45 to \$25,277,983 |
| • 2019 NPON members combined revenue of | 2022 NPON members combined revenue of |
| \$84,172,049 | \$82,602,071 |

Table 3.2: Revenue from donations and bequests

| Donations and bequests | 2019 | | 2022 | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent |
| 0 | 8 | 9.52 | 6 | 6.90 |
| 5,000 or less | 9 | 10.71 | 10 | 11.49 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 6 | 7.14 | 6 | 6.90 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 7 | 8.33 | 6 | 6.90 |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 8 | 9.52 | 12 | 13.79 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 10 | 11.90 | 5 | 5.75 |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 12 | 14.29 | 20 | 22.99 |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 12 | 14.29 | 9 | 10.34 |
| 1,000,001 to 10,000,000 | 10 | 11.90 | 11 | 12.64 |
| 10,000,001 or more | 2 | 2.38 | 2 | 2.30 |

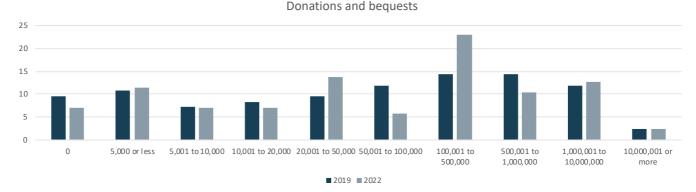


Figure 3.2: Revenue from donations and bequests

Revenue from goods and services

In 2019 53 NPON organisations had revenue from goods and services ranging from \$82 to \$31,505,000 (median = \$26,171; IQR = \$239,027).

There were 31 organisations (36.90%) that had no revenue from goods ans services, 16 organisations (19.05%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 2 organisations (2.38%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 5 organisations (5.95%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 9 organisations (10.71%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 4 organisations (4.76%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 10 organisations (11.90%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 1 organisations (1.19%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 5 organisations (5.95%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 1 organisations (1.19%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

In 2022 52 NPON organisations had revenue from goods and services ranging from \$27 to \$41,224,000 (median = \$53,780; IQR = \$189,312.25).

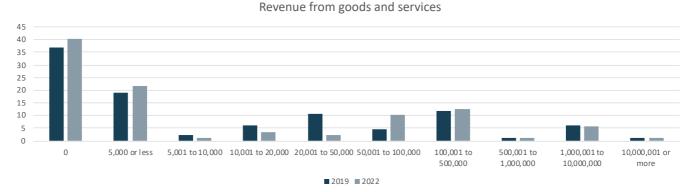
There were 35 organisations (40.23%) that had no revenue from goods ans services, 19 organisations (21.84%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 1 organisations (1.15%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 3 organisations (3.45%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 2 organisations (2.30%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 9 organisations (10.34%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 11 organisations (12.64%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 1 organisations (1.15%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 5 organisations (5.75%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 1 organisations (1.15%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

| 20 | 19 revenue from goods and services | 20 | 22 revenue from goods and services |
|--|---------------------------------------|----|--|
| • 53 organisations received revenue from goods and | | • | 52 organisations received revenue from goods and |
| | services | | services |
| • | Median = \$26,171; IQR = \$239,027 | • | Median = \$53,780; IQR = \$189,312.25 |
| • | Range from \$82 to \$31,505,000 | • | Range from \$27 to \$41,224,000 |
| • | 2019 NPON members combined revenue of | • | 2022 NPON members combined revenue of |
| | \$49,531,630 | | \$64,201,383 |

Table 3.3: Revenue from goods and services

| Revenue from goods and services | 2019 | | 2022 | |
|---------------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent |
| 0 | 31 | 36.90 | 35 | 40.23 |
| 5,000 or less | 16 | 19.05 | 19 | 21.84 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 1 | 1.15 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 3 | 3.45 |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 9 | 10.71 | 2 | 2.30 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 4 | 4.76 | 9 | 10.34 |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 10 | 11.90 | 11 | 12.64 |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 1 | 1.19 | 1 | 1.15 |
| 1,000,001 to 10,000,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 5 | 5.75 |
| 10,000,001 or more | 1 | 1.19 | 1 | 1.15 |





Revenue from the government

In 2019 40 NPON organisations had revenue from government ranging from \$2,760 to \$7,879,000 (median = \$87,650; IQR = \$378,299).

There were 44 organisations (52.38%) that had no revenue from government, 3 organisations (3.57%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 5 organisations (5.95%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 3 organisations (3.57%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 5 organisations (5.95%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 5 organisations (5.95%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 11 organisations (13.10%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 3 organisations (3.57%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 5 organisations (5.95%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 0 organisations (0.00%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

In 2022 48 NPON organisations had revenue from government ranging from \$940 to \$1,7302,295 (median = \$157,954; IQR = \$290,319.50).

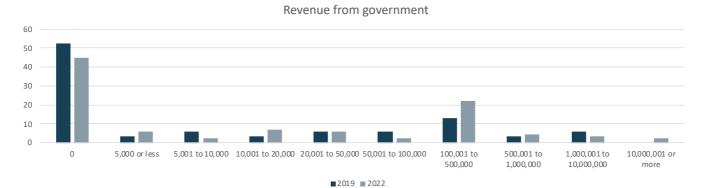
There were 39 organisations (44.83%) that had no revenue from government, 5 organisations (5.75%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 2 organisations (2.30%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 6 organisations (6.90%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 5 organisations (5.75%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

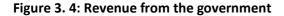
At the higher end of revenue, there were 2 organisations (2.30%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 19 organisations (21.84%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 4 organisations (4.60%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 3 organisations (3.45%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 2 organisations (2.30%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

| 20 | 19 revenue from the government | 20 | 22 revenue from the government |
|----|---|----|---|
| • | 40 organisations received from the government | • | 48 organisations received from the government |
| • | Median = \$87,650; IQR = \$378,299 | • | Median = \$157,954; IQR = \$290,319.50 |
| • | Range from \$2,760 to \$7,879,000 | • | Range from \$940 to \$17,302,295 |
| • | 2019 NPON members combined revenue of | • | 2022 NPON members combined revenue of |
| | \$25,033,645 | | \$43,970,562 |

Table 3.4: Revenue from the government

| Revenue from government | 2019 | | 2022 | | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|--|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent | |
| 0 | 44 | 52.38 | 39 | 44.83 | |
| 5,000 or less | 3 | 3.57 | 5 | 5.75 | |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 2 | 2.30 | |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 6 | 6.90 | |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 5 | 5.75 | |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 2 | 2.30 | |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 11 | 13.10 | 19 | 21.84 | |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 4 | 4.60 | |
| 1,000,001 to 10,000,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 3 | 3.45 | |
| 10,000,001 or more | 0 | 0.00 | 2 | 2.30 | |





Revenue from investments

In 2019 58 NPON organisations had revenue from investments ranging from \$7 to \$669,878 (median = \$5313.50; IQR = \$25557.50).

There were 26 organisations (30.95%) that had no revenue from investments, 29 organisations (34.52%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 6 organisations (7.14%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 3 organisations (3.57%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 8 organisations (9.52%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 10 organisations (11.90%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, and 2 organisations (2.38%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000.

In 2022 51 NPON organisations had revenue from investments ranging from \$1 to \$647,292 (median = \$1,158; IQR = \$21,539).

There were 36 organisations (41.38%) that had no revenue from investments, 32 organisations (36.78%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 4 organisations (4.60%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 2 organisations (2.30%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 3 organisations (3.45%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there was 1 organisation (1.15%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 8 organisations (9.20%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, and 1 organisation (1.15%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000.

| 2019 revenue from investments | 2022 revenue from investments |
|---|---|
| 58 organisations received investments | 51 organisations received investments |
| Median = \$5313.50; IQR = \$25557.50 | • Median = \$1,158; IQR = \$21,539 |
| Range from \$7 to \$669,878 | • Range from \$1 to \$647,292 |
| • 2019 NPON members combined revenue of | • 2022 NPON members combined revenue of |
| \$4,157,929 | \$2,959,915 |

Table 3.5: Revenue from investments

| Income from investments | | 2019 | 2022 | |
|-------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent |
| 0 | 26 | 30.95 | 36 | 41.38 |
| 5,000 or less | 29 | 34.52 | 32 | 36.78 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 6 | 7.14 | 4 | 4.60 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 2 | 2.30 |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 8 | 9.52 | 3 | 3.45 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 10 | 11.90 | 1 | 1.15 |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 8 | 9.20 |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.15 |
| 1,000,001 or more | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |

Income from investments

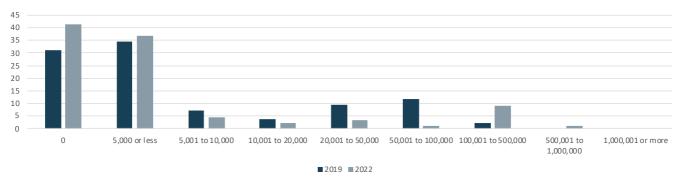


Figure 3. 5: Revenue from investments

Revenue from other sources

In 2019 57 NPON organisations had all other revenue ranging from \$16 to \$4,162,050 (median = \$34,996; IQR = \$120,249).

There were 27 organisations (32.14%) that had no revenue from other sources, 21 organisations (25.00%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 2 organisations (2.38%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 3 organisations (3.57%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 5 organisations (5.95%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 8 organisations (9.52%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 13 organisations (15.48%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 2 organisations (2.38%) that had revenue of between \$500,001 and \$1,000,000, 2 organisations (2.38%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 1

organisation (1.19%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

In 2022 54 NPON organisations had all other revenue ranging from \$10 to \$11,239,601 (median = \$18,591; IQR = \$105,068.75).

There were 33 organisations (37.93%) that had no revenue from other sources, 18 organisations (20.69%) that had a revenue of \$5,000 or less, 2 organisations (2.30%) that had revenue of between \$5,001 and \$10,000, 8 organisations (9.20%) had between \$10,001 and \$20,000 and 6 organisations (6.90%) had between \$20,001 and \$50,000.

At the higher end of revenue, there were 5 organisations (5.75%) that recieved between \$50,001 and \$100,000, 11 organisations (12.64%) that had a revenue of \$100,001 and \$500,000, 3 organisations (3.45%) had between \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 and 1 organisation (1.15%) had between \$10,000,001 or more .

| 2019 revenue from other sources | 2022 revenue from other sources |
|--|---|
| 57 organisations received | 54 organisations received other sources |
| • Median = \$34,996; IQR = \$120,249 | • Median = \$18,591; IQR = \$105,068.75 |
| Range from \$16 to \$4,162,050 | • Range from \$10 to \$11,239,601 |
| • 2019 NPON members combined revenue of | • 2022 NPON members combined revenue of |
| \$11,330,651 | \$20,029,473 |

Table 3.6: Revenue from other sources

| Income from other sources | 2019 | | 2022 | |
|---------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent |
| 0 | 27 | 32.14 | 33 | 37.93 |
| 5,000 or less | 21 | 25.00 | 18 | 20.69 |
| 5,001 to 10,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 2 | 2.30 |
| 10,001 to 20,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 8 | 9.20 |
| 20,001 to 50,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 6 | 6.90 |
| 50,001 to 100,000 | 8 | 9.52 | 5 | 5.75 |
| 100,001 to 500,000 | 13 | 15.48 | 11 | 12.64 |
| 500,001 to 1,000,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 1,000,001 to 10,000,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 3 | 3.45 |
| 10,000,001 or more | 1 | 1.19 | 1 | 1.15 |

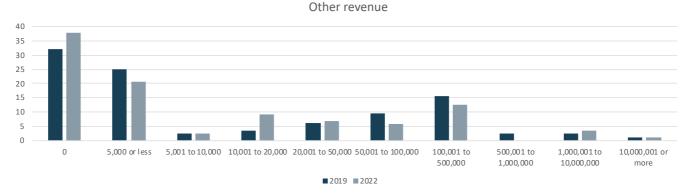


Figure 3. 6: Revenue from other sources

Net surplus/deficit

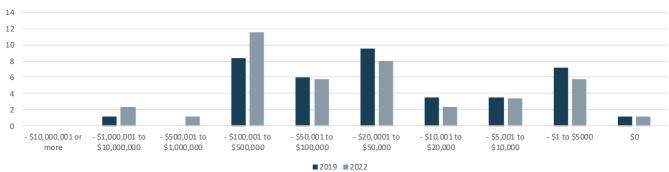
Net surplus/deficit

In 2019 33 NPON organisations were in deficit ranging from -\$332 to -\$1342248 (median = -\$26542.50; IQR = \$85986.25). 51 organisations were even or had a surplus ranging from \$0 to \$4,670,694 (median = \$65,153; IQR = \$199,142.50). In 2022 35 NPON organisations were in deficit ranging from -\$822 to -\$3,453,489 (median = -55,856; IQR = \$172,057). 52 organisations were even or had a surplus ranging from \$0 to \$5,022,824 (median = \$65,153; IQR = \$199,142.50).

| 2019 Net surplus/deficit | 2022 Net surplus/deficit | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 33 NPON organisations were in deficit ranging from -\$332 to -\$1342248 51 organisations were even or had a surplus ranging from \$0 to \$4,670,694 | -\$822 to -\$3,453,489 (median = -\$55,856; IQR = | | |

Table 3.7: Net surplus/deficit

| Net surplus/deficit | | 2019 | | 2022 | |
|------------------------------|------|---------|------|---------|--|
| | n=84 | Percent | n=87 | Percent | |
| \$10,000,001 or more | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |
| \$1,000,001 to \$10,000,000 | 1 | 1.19 | 2 | 2.30 | |
| \$500,001 to \$1,000,000 | 0 | 0.00 | 1 | 1.15 | |
| \$100,001 to \$500,000 | 7 | 8.33 | 10 | 11.49 | |
| \$50,001 to \$100,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 5 | 5.75 | |
| \$20,0001 to \$50,000 | 8 | 9.52 | 7 | 8.05 | |
| \$10,001 to \$20,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 2 | 2.30 | |
| \$5,001 to \$10,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 3 | 3.45 | |
| \$1 to \$5000 | 6 | 7.14 | 5 | 5.75 | |
| 50 | 1 | 1.19 | 1 | 1.15 | |
| 5,000 or less | 10 | 11.90 | 7 | 8.05 | |
| 5,001 and \$10,000 | 3 | 3.57 | 2 | 2.30 | |
| 10,001 and \$20,000 | 7 | 8.33 | 6 | 6.90 | |
| 20,001 and \$50,000 | 2 | 2.38 | 9 | 10.34 | |
| 50,001 and \$100,000 | 5 | 5.95 | 3 | 3.45 | |
| 100,001 and \$500,000 | 18 | 21.43 | 17 | 19.54 | |
| 500,001 and \$1,000,000 | 1 | 1.19 | 6 | 6.90 | |
| \$1,000,001 and \$10,000,000 | 4 | 4.76 | 1 | 1.15 | |
| 10,000,001 or more | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 | |





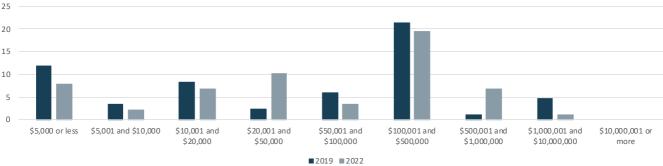


Figure 3.7: Revenue from donations and bequests

Net deficit